CHENG UEI PRECISION INDUSTRY CO., LTD.

2021 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting Minutes

Time: 9:00 a.m., July 15, 2021 (Thursday)

Venue: No.49, Sec.4, Zhongyang Rd., Tu Cheng Dist., New Taipei City ,Taiwan **Total shares represented by shareholders presented in person or by proxy:** 285,122,686 shares, accounting for 55.65 % of the Company's total outstanding

shares

Chair: Tai-Chiang Gou, Chairman of the Board of Directors

Recorder: Te-Pin Liu **Directors present:**

Chairman Tai-Chiang Gou

Director Chen-Phan Pu

Director Eric Huang

Director T.C. Wang (Presented by visual communication network)

Director Jui-Hsia Wan (Presented by visual communication network)

Independent Director Randy Lee (Presented by visual communication network)

Independent Director Chien-Chung Fu (Presented by visual communication network)

Independent Director Jing-Min Tang (Presented by visual communication network)

Attendees:

Accountant Se-Kai Lin(Presented by visual communication network)

Lawyer Curtis Hsieh(Presented by visual communication network)

Lawyer James Lee(Presented by visual communication network)

Meeting Commencement Announced: The aggregate shareholding of the shareholders present in person or by proxy constituted a quorum. The Chairman called the meeting to order.

Chairman's Address: (Omitted)

I. Matters to be Reported

- 1. 2020 business report of the Company. (Attachment 1)
- 2. Audit Committee's review report on the 2020 financial statements. (Attachment 2)
- 3. Report on the distribution of 2020 earnings and cash dividends of the Company.
- 4. Report on the distribution of 2020 remuneration for employees and directors of the Company.

Explanation: In 2020, the Company distributed employee remuneration of NTD 220,000,000 and directors' remuneration of NTD 10,000,000 in accordance with the Company Act and the Company's Articles of Incorporation. Employee remuneration and directors' remuneration are to be paid in cash, and there is no difference between the numbers given by resolution above and the expenses recognized at the end of 2020.

5. Report on the first issue of 2020 guaranteed general corporate bonds of the Company. The issuance status is as follows:

Period/Type	First issue of guaranteed general corporate bonds in 2020
Approval date	July 22, 2020
Issuance date	July 29, 2020
Total issuance	NTD 3.6 billion
Face value	NTD 1 million
Issuance period	Issued July 29, 2020, with maturity on July 29, 2025
Coupon rate	Fixed annual interest rate of 0.65%
Interest payment	Simple interest calculation and interest payment once a year
method	based on the coupon rate starting from the date of issuance.
Method of repayment	One-time principal repayment
Trustee institution	Bank Sinopac Company Limited
Repayment of	
principal and interest	CTBC Bank Co., Ltd.
Agency	
Implementation status	
of the planned use of	Full implementation as of the third quarter of 2020
funds	

- 6. Report on a proposed application by the Company's subsidiary Shinfox Energy Co., Ltd. for equity transfer before stock listing.

 Explanation:
 - (1) In order to achieve the diversification standard for applying for stock listing of the Company's subsidiary Shinfox Energy Co., Ltd., and to motivate employees to retain talent in a timely manner, on June 11, 2020, the board of directors of Shinfox Energy Co., Ltd. approved a cash increase and issued 21,634,000 new shares at a price of NT\$13 per share. In addition to retaining 15% of the new shares in accordance with the law, i.e., 3,245,100 shares for employees to subscribe, the remaining 85% or 18,388,900 shares, were to be subscribed by the original shareholders in accordance with the shareholding ratio recorded in the shareholder register on the base date of

- subscription. The company's direct and indirect shareholding ratio decreased from 89.96% to 71.14%.
- (2) In November 2020, the Company coordinated with its subsidiary Shinfox Energy Co., Ltd. to register the latter company's shares on the Emerging Markets Board, allocating 1,901,000 shares for subscription by advisory recommending securities firms and the Securities and Futures Investors Protection Center. Its price was set based on Shinfox Energy Co., Ltd.'s operating performance and profitability as well as the market environment, future growth of the industry, and market conditions in the industry and negotiated with advisory recommending securities firms to be NTD 43 per share. The Company's direct and indirect shareholding ratio thus decreased from 71.14% to 69.24%.
- (3) Based on the working capital requirements of Shinfox Energy Co., Ltd., on March 16, 2021, the board of directors approved a cash increase and issuance of 30,000,000 new shares and the price per share was NTD 86. In addition to retaining 10% of the new shares in accordance with the law, i.e., 3,000,000 shares for employees to subscribe to, the remaining 90% or 27,000,000 shares, were to be subscribed to by the original shareholders in accordance with the shareholding ratio recorded in the shareholder register on the base date of subscription. The decline in the Company's direct and indirect shareholding ratio will be calculated according to actual subscription conditions of the Company and its subsidiaries after the completion of the cash increase.
- (4) For the proposed application by Shinfox Energy Co., Ltd., for equity transfer before stock listing, please refer to Attachment 5.

II. Matters for Acknowledgment

The 2020 business final account statement and profit distribution statement of the Company.

Explanation:

- 1.The Company's 2020 financial statements have been reviewed by PWC Taiwan. Together with the business report, it has also been reviewed by the Audit Committee and a written audit report was issued.
- 2. The 2020 profit distribution table was approved by the Board of Directors and sent to the Audit Committee for review.
- 3. Please refer to Attachments for associated schedules .

Resolution: The above proposal is and hereby was approved as proposed. Voting Results: Shares present at the time of voting: 281,661,842 (Including

251,397,584 shares from electronic voting).

		% of the			
Voting Results	represented				
	share present				
Votes in favor	269,543,428	95.69%			
(electronic votes)	(239,861,203)	93.09%			
Votes against	0.220/				
(electronic votes)	(955,956)	0.33%			
Invalid Votes	0	0.00%			
(electronic votes)	(0)	0.00%			
Votes abstained / Not Voted	Votes abstained / Not Voted 11,162,458				
(electronic votes)	(10,580,425)	3.96%			

III.Extraordinary Motions:

Shareholder speech: Shareholder Account No. 21863

IV.Adjournment: The meeting was adjourned at a.m. 09:36

Cheng Uei Precision Industry Co., Ltd. Business Report

Here, a report on the business status of the Company in 2020 is given as follows:

The Company's consolidated net operating revenues for 2020 came to NTD 89,552,100 thousand; compared with consolidated net operating revenue of NTD 97,820,336 thousand in 2019, this marked a decrease of 8.45%. Net profit after tax in 2020 was NTD 1,967,432 thousand and after-tax earnings per share came to NTD 4.06. This represented a slight decline of 1% from the net profit after tax of NTD 1,987,361 thousand or NTD 4.1 per share seen in 2019. Last year, due to the impact of the pandemic, the Company's revenue performance declined slightly from the previous year. However, its level of profitability was still the same as the prior year. We would hereby like to thank all our colleagues who have not feared the pandemic, sacrificed their holidays, and stood by their posts in the past year.

Following the outbreak of COVID-19 last year, countries around the world saw slowdowns and severe declines in their economic growth due to the need for pandemic prevention measures. However, Taiwan's economic growth was still able to achieve 2.98% last year due to the country's strong performance in pandemic prevention as well as development of the remote and stay-at-home economies in response to the virus. This ranked Taiwan among the best in the world with its growth rate the highest among developed countries. And this year, with the advent of vaccines and their widespread use, the global economy is expected to rebound from the bottom and head towards recovery. Commercial activities are also expected to see explosive growth. Nonetheless, in the follow-up we still need to observe the effectiveness of vaccine delivery and administration and whether the pandemic can be effectively slowed down and controlled. In addition, tensions between the United States and China have increased in recent years, and the strategic competition between the two countries has become increasingly obvious. This will impact the global and regional political and economic orders, and also forms a variable that cannot be ignored. In the past, Taiwan has always occupied a key position in the global technology supply chain. Recently, the global industrial division of labor has been reorganized due to the pandemic and the relationship between the US and China. If Taiwanese companies can accelerate their transformation and upgrade and develop towards innovation, intelligence, and high value, this will further

strengthen the key position of the country in the global supply chain system.

Cheng Uei has been committed to globalization in recent years so as to strengthen its competitiveness and to deepen its cooperation with customers. The Company expanded its production base in Chennai, India last year in line with customer needs, and will soon enter mass production and shipment this year. And this year, we will also launch our Southeast Asia Vietnam Investment Plan to add another overseas production base for the Company. In addition, the Company officially opened its newly-established "Research Base for Threefold Power Source Integration: Battery, Electric Motor and Electronic Control Module of Electric Vehicles, and Nano-Waterproof Technology" in Central Taiwan Science Park a few days beforehand. This will serve as an important R&D base for the Company's development of threefold electric integration systems for electric vehicles, and for nano-waterproof technology, while also engaging in the production of active electrical cables (AEC), sharing electrical bicycles, EV battery packs, grid-connected smart energy storage systems (ESS), and other products. In the future, the Company will focus on industrial fields such as electric vehicles, green energy, 5G cloud applications, and audio-visual consumer electronics products while actively developing related peripheral components and system products.

In order for the Company to grow and thrive on a continuous and stable basis, and create greater profits for shareholders, we must be prepared to face challenges and solve problems. We have absolute confidence to move toward the set goals, create best business performance for the Company, and go after maximum profits for shareholders. I also hope that all shareholders can continue to provide support and encouragement to the company. Finally, I wish all shareholders all the best and that all your hopes be fulfilled.

1. 2020 business results

(I) Business plan implementation results

Unit: NTD Thousand

	2222	22.12	
Item	2020	2019	Growth rate
Operating revenue	69,135,238	73,856,717	-6.39%
Operating costs	65,741,027	72,044,994	-8.75%
Operating gross profit	3,394,211	1,811,723	87.35%
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Operating	1,545,972	1,729,633	-10.62%
Expenses			
Operating profit	1,848,239	82,090	2,151.48%
Non-operating	512,593	2,105,429	-75.65%
income and	·		
expenses			
Net profit before tax	2,360,832	2,187,519	7.92%
Net profit for the	1,967,432	1,987,361	-1.00%
period			

Note: The above figures are from the parent company only financial statements

(II) Budget implementation

The Company did not prepare 2020 financial forecasts, so this is not applicable.

(III) Financial income and expenditure status

Unit: NTD Thousand

Item	2020	2019	Amount of change
Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities	2,964,835	2,676,027	288,808
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities	(4,635,366)	(706,592)	(3,928,774)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities	1,890,143	(1,927,809)	3,817,952

Note: The above figures are from the parent company only financial statements

(IV) Profitability analysis

Ye	ar	2020	2019
Return on ass	ets (%)	3.67	3.97
Return on shate equity (%)	reholders'	8.52	8.97
Contribution to paid-in	Operating profit	36.08	1.60
capital Percentage (%)	Net profit before tax	46.08	42.70
Net profit mar	gin (%)	2.85	2.69

Earnings per share for the	4.06	4.10
period (NTD) (Note)	4.00	4.10

Note: The above ratios are based on parent company only financial statements. Earnings per share is calculated based on the number of shares after retrospective adjustment.

(V) Research and development status of the Company

The main research and development directions and strategies of the Company are:

- 1. Closely integrate technology into products to generate differentiated competitive advantages.
- 2. Integrate the technical fields of materials, machinery, electronics, optics, electroacoustics, etc.; e.g., through: optical inspection automation, engineering analysis capabilities, secondary processing electroplating technology, antenna design, and wire nano coating development.
- 3. Build professional laboratories for high frequency technology, electroacoustic technology, surface technology, and so on.
- 4. Lead and continue to develop various halogen-free, lead-free materials and application products that meet future environmental protection requirements.
- 5. Participate in the development process of customers' new products to provide them with various solutions and technical support.
- 6. Strengthen the ability to integrate existing technologies and evaluate and introduce new product development technologies.
- 7. Integrate the technology platform of electro-optic sound to expand products and market share.

II. Business plan summary for 2021

- (I) Business strategy
 - 1. Business purpose:

With core capabilities in molds, forms, stamping, secondary processing, and automation, integrate materials, machinery, electronics, optics, electroacoustics, energy, assembly, and R&D technology. Establish a global marketing and supply chain management network to provide customers with high-quality products in a timely manner, oriented by consumer electronics, information, communications, and automotive market demand; and create value for customers by combining digital content, environmental protection, and energy saving. Constantly seek to surpass ourselves based on concepts of sincerity, a holistic view, and conscientiousness, using our team spirit to create an optimal business performance for the enterprise.

- 2. Business philosophy:
 - (1)Sincerity: Simplicity and pragmatism, and being as good as one's word Keeping promises is an important value to establish long-term cooperative relations with customers and suppliers, so as to take creation of long-term benefits for all three parties as a direction for our thinking.
 - (2)Holistic view: Great things can only be achieved with tolerance, and small beginnings yield major trends

By applying technological innovation, accumulating practical experience, and constantly pursuing self-transcendence and accumulated achievements, only then can the Company become a representative of the high-tech industry.

(3)Conscientiousness: Making an all-out effort, with a unity of knowledge and action

From the capital, technology, and human resources used to coordinate our plans and from execution to assessment, there is a complete and consistent operational system that demonstrates its performance in a wide range of work functions; and the results of these joint efforts have created the Company's core competitiveness.

- (II) Expected sales volume and its basis
 - The Company's products are mainly components of communications and consumer electronics. With the active expansion of customers and the development of new products this year, it is expected that the sales volume of each product will reach a trend of steady growth.
- (III) Important production and sales policies
 Continuously improve internal management capabilities to reduce various production
 costs and provide customers with the best service and technical resources,
 establishing a good cooperative relationship with customers to achieve a win-win
 goal.

III. Future development strategy for the Company

- 1. The Company will position itself under the OEM, ODM, and JDM models as it commits to consumer electronics, computers, communications, automotive electronics, digital content, and other product markets.
- 2. We will utilize the Company's core capabilities: Development will center around molds, forms, stamping, secondary processing, and automation, and thereupon integrate technical fields encompassing materials, machinery, electronics, optics, electroacoustics, energy saving, and environmental protection. In this way, we can develop differentiated competitive advantages over our competitors.
- 3. We will use our customer orientation, closeness to market leaders, and joint development of new products to create value for the Company.
- 4. We will deeply cultivate existing customers, expand different product lines for current customers, and provide customers with diversified products and services.
- 5. From materials, parts, components to system products, we will leverage and strengthen the company's vertically-integrated manufacturing advantages to reduce manufacturing costs and enhance competitiveness.
- 6. We will establish development and mass production manufacturing capabilities for key components in order to obtain an irreplaceable competitive advantage.
- 7. We will develop the retail channel market, be close to consumers and grasp market demand and trends, and then combine the advantages of production and sales to develop a new niche for the Company. This will also establish an irreplaceable competitive advantage.
- IV. Effects of the external competitive environment, regulatory environment, and overall business environment

Due to the instantaneous changes in the external environment and industry, the competition faced by the Company is no longer limited to Taiwan, but in all parts of the world. The targets of the Company's services are world-class customers, so it must be able to meet the global competitive environment and survival requirements. "Cost reduction" and "value creation" will be the most important issues for the Company's sustainability. The Company needs to be able to reduce costs in order to gain a competitive advantage, attracting new customers and expanding into new markets. At

the same time, we must be able to create product value, service value and differentiated value from this in order to retain customers and meet their various needs.

At the same time, in the retail channel market, it is necessary to be able to grasp the acceptance and preference of consumers for all kinds of new 3C products at any time. We must understand the consumption habits and tendencies of target consumers in various regions, so as to propose different sales strategies to respond. In addition, we should offer different services and product content from competitors to strengthen our competitive advantage.

Responsible person: T.C. Gou Manager: T.C. Gou Accountant in charge: Chen-Phan Pu

Audit Committee's Audit Report

The Company's Board of Directors has made a 2020 annual business report, financial statements, and profit distribution proposal. Among them, PWC Taiwan has audited the financial statements and issued an audit report. The above-mentioned business report, financial statements, and profit distribution proposal have been checked by the Audit Committee, and it believes there is no discrepancy. The reports are submitted for review in accordance with Article 14-4 of Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act.

Cheng Uei Precision Industry Co., Ltd.

Convener of the Audit Committee: Randy Lee

March 26, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

PWCR 20000508

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Cheng Uei Precision Industry Co., Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Cheng Uei Precision Industry Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report(s) of other auditors (please refer to the *Other matter* section), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit of the parent company only financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China; and in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants, Rule No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Auditing-1090360805 issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission on February 25, 2020 and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China for our audit of the parent company only financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of

Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter-significant unresolved litigation involving investments accounted for using equity method

As described in Notes 6(8) and 9(6) to the consolidated financial statements, Central Motion Picture Corporation, an equity-method investment of the Group, was determined to be an affiliate organization of the Kuomintang by the Ill-gotten Party Assets Settlement Committee (the "Ill-gotten Party") in its written disposition issued on October 9, 2018. Under Article 16 of the Act Governing the Settlement of Ill-gotten Properties by Political Parties and Their Affiliate Organizations, Central Motion Picture Corporation may file an administrative litigation (an action for revocation) in the Taipei High Administrative Court within two months after the aforementioned written disposition was served. In addition, Central Motion Picture Corporation may file for a suspension of execution under Paragraph 2, Article 116 of the Administrative Litigation Act. On December 12, 2018, Central Motion Picture Corporation submitted a cause of action to the Taipei High Administrative Court, which ruled to approve the suspension of execution in January 2020. However, the Ill-gotten Party subsequently filed an appeal against the ruling, and it was dismissed by the High Administrative Court in February 2020. Meanwhile, Central Motion Picture Corporation filed a revocation action with the Taipei High Court, and it was pending approval as of January 14, 2020. As of the financial reporting date, the possible result of this litigation cannot be determined, therefore our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2020 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's 2020 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

Valuation of Goodwill impairment

Description

Please refer to Note 4(19) for accounting policies on impairment loss on non-financial assets, Note 5(1) for the uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions applied to goodwill impairment valuation, and Note 6(12) for details of goodwill impairment valuation.

The amount of goodwill (including indefinite useful life trademarks) was derived from the acquisition of Power Quotient International Co., Ltd., Foxlink Image Technology Co., Ltd., Glory Science Co., Ltd. and DG Lifestyle Store Limited by the Company's subsidiary, FIT Holding Co., Ltd. The Group valued the impairment of goodwill (including indefinite useful life trademarks) through the discounted cash flow method, using the higher of value in use or fair value less costs to sell to measure the cash generating unit's recoverable amount. As the assumptions of expected future cash flows contained subjective judgement and involved a high degree of uncertainty which would cause a material impact on the valuation result, the valuation of goodwill impairment (including indefinite useful life trademarks) was identified as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- A. Obtained an understanding and assessed the reasonableness of valuation of goodwill impairment policies and procedures, including collection of internal and external data, operating forecast and industry changes.
- B. Obtained the external appraisal report on impairment valuation and performed the following procedures:
 - (a) We examined the external appraiser's qualification and assessed the independence, objectiveness and competence.
 - (b) We assessed that the valuation method used in the appraisal report was widely used and appropriate.
 - (c) We assessed the reasonableness of significant assumptions (including expected growth rate and discount rate) applied in the appraisal report.

Assessment of allowance for inventory valuation losses

Description

Please refer to Note 4(13) for accounting policies on inventory, Note 5(2) for the uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions applied to inventory valuation, and Note 6(7) for details of inventory.

The Group is primarily engaged in the manufacturing and sale of electronic components and parts. As the electronic products' life cycles are relatively short and the market is highly competitive, there is a higher risk of incurring inventory valuation losses or obsolescence due to economic depression or an excess of supply over demand. The Company's inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value, and individually assessed for those inventories over a certain age in order to identify obsolete or slow-moving inventories.

The industry technology is rapidly changing, and the net realisable value involves subjective judgement resulting in an uncertainty when assessing the obsolete or slow-moving inventories. Given that the inventory and allowance for inventory valuation losses were material to the financial statements, the assessment of allowance for inventory valuation losses was identified as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- A. Assessed the reasonableness of policies and procedures on allowance for inventory valuation losses based on our understanding of the Group's operation and industry.
- B. Obtained an understanding of the Group's warehousing control procedures. Reviewed annual physical inventory count plan and participated in the annual inventory count event in order to assess the effectiveness of the management of inventory.
- C. Verified whether the systematic logic used in the Group's inventory aging report is appropriate and in line with its policies.

D. Inspected inventory valuation basis adequacy and verified the selected samples' information, for instance, purchase price and sale price. Also recalculated and evaluated the reasonableness of inventory allowance basis in order to verify that the inventory was measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Other matter - Reference to the reports of other auditors

We did not audit the financial statements of certain subsidiaries which were audited by other auditors. Therefore, our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in the financial statements and the information disclosed in Note 13 in respect of these subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. Total assets of these subsidiaries amounted to NT\$ 430,857 thousand and NT\$ 414,617 thousand, constituting 0.52% and 0.57% of the consolidated total assets as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and the operating revenue amounted to NT\$ 1,919,272 thousand and NT\$ 1,772,626 thousand, constituting 2.14% and 1.81% of the consolidated total operating revenue for the years then ended, respectively.

Other matter-Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion with an *Other matters* section on the parent company only financial statements of Cheng Uei Precision Industry Co., Ltd. as at and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including supervisors, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- A. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- B. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

- C. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- D. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- E. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- F. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Lin, Se-Kai

Liang, Yi-Chang

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan March 26, 2021

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

CHENG UEI PRECISION INDUSTRY CO.,LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

			December 31, 2020)	December 31, 2019)
	ASSETS	Notes	 AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	CURRENT ASSETS					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 10,993,540	13	\$ 6,296,729	9
1110	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2) and 12(3)				
	profit or loss - current		-	-	129,150	-
1136	Current financial assets at amortised	6(4) and 8				
	cost		6,407,553	8	1,643,178	2
1140	Current contract assets		104,591	-	169,992	-
1150	Notes receivable, net		35,124	-	24,547	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5) and 12(2)	16,310,230	20	15,474,111	21
1180	Accounts receivable, net - related	7				
	parties		603,705	1	430,979	1
1200	Other receivables	6(6)	203,599	-	359,717	1
1210	Other receivables - related parties	7	55,868	-	95,825	-
1220	Current income tax assets	6(30)	5,024	-	15,762	-
130X	Inventories	6(7)	13,276,324	16	11,218,741	15
1410	Prepayments		1,167,099	2	1,556,450	2
1470	Other current assets		 127,649		 22,440	
11XX	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		 49,290,306	60	 37,437,621	51
1517	Financial assets at fair value through	6(3) and 12(3)				
	other comprehensive income-non-					
	current		986,704	1	936,755	1
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(4) and 8				
	amortised cost		146,394	-	127,584	-
1550	Investments accounted for under the	6(8)				
	equity method		4,975,620	6	4,454,802	6
1600	Property, plant and equipment, net	6(9)	20,850,423	25	23,397,983	32
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(10) and 7	1,638,691	2	1,831,171	2
1760	Investment property, net	6(11)	584,072	1	591,774	1
1780	Intangible assets	6(12)	1,653,998	2	2,251,948	3
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(30)	537,988	1	552,815	1
1915	Prepayments for business facilities		1,153,711	1	1,295,103	2
1990	Other non-current assets, others	8	444,195	1	418,848	1
15XX	TOTAL NON-CURRENT					
	ASSETS		32,971,796	40	35,858,783	49
1XXX	TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 82,262,102	100	\$ 73,296,404	100

(Continued)

CHENG UEI PRECISION INDUSTRY CO.,LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

				December 31, 2020			December 31, 2019	
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%
	CURRENT LIABILITIES							
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(13)	\$	4,341,582	5	\$	2,038,744	3
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(14)		387,222	1		374,942	-
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(23)		896,775	1		787,222	1
2150	Notes payable			155	-		3,273	-
2170	Accounts payable			17,521,270	21		14,712,215	20
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7		160,726	-		230,091	-
2200	Other payables	6(15) and 7		4,778,465	6		5,870,986	8
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(30)		660,933	1		372,824	1
2280	Current lease liabilities	7		199,445	-		226,420	-
2365	Current refund liabilities			234,170	-		457,475	1
2399	Other current liabilities, others	6(17)		1,082,022	2		1,200,506	2
21XX	TOTAL CURRENT							
	LIABILITIES			30,262,765	37		26,274,698	36
	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES							
2530	Corporate bonds payable	6(16)		6,574,982	8		2,987,655	4
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(17)		12,323,297	15		12,038,454	16
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(30)		868,521	1		795,899	1
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	7		218,089	-		294,317	-
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(8)(18)		1,930,560	2		2,662,862	4
25XX	TOTAL NON-CURRENT			_				
	LIABILITIES			21,915,449	26		18,779,187	25
2XXX	TOTAL LIABILITIES			52,178,214	63		45,053,885	61
	EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO							
	SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PARENT							
	Capital stock	6(19)						
3110	Common stock			5,123,269	6		5,123,269	7
	Capital reserve	6(20)						
3200	Capital surplus			9,828,746	11		9,471,717	13
	Retained earnings	6(21)						
3310	Legal reserve			3,002,026	4		2,803,290	4
3320	Special reserve			2,334,534	3		1,609,901	2
3350	Unappropriated earnings			5,782,390	7		6,030,302	8
	Other equity	6(22)						
3400	Other equity interest		(2,036,346) (2)	(2,334,535) (3)
	Treasury shares	6(19)						
3500	Treasury shares		(272,066)	- ((272,066)	-
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of							
	the parent			23,762,553	29		22,431,878	31
36XX	Non-controlling interests			6,321,335	8		5,810,641	8
3XXX	TOTAL EQUITY			30,083,888	37		28,242,519	39
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9						
	unrecognised contract commitments	-						
	Significant events after the balance	11						
	sheet date	- ±						
3X2X	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND							
J11211	EQUITY		\$	82,262,102	100	\$	73,296,404	100
	Lyoni		ψ	02,202,102	100	Ψ	13,470,404	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHENG UEI PRECISION INDUSTRY CO.,LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per shares)

			Years ended December 31					
				2020		2019		
Items		Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	
4000	Operating revenue	6(23) and 7	\$	89,552,100	100 \$	97,820,336	100	
5000	Operating costs	6(7)(28)(29) and 7	(79,778,673) (89) (87,602,570) (89)	
5900	Gross profit			9,773,427	11	10,217,766	11	
	Operating expenses	6(28)(29)						
6100	Sales and marketing expenses		(1,706,404) (2) (1,904,749) (2)	
6200	General and administrative expenses		(3,326,946) (4) (3,596,566) (4)	
6300	Research and development expenses		(2,386,034) (2) (2,442,560) (2)	
6450	Expected credit gain	12(2)		40,378	<u> </u>	7,799		
6000	Total operating expenses		(7,379,006) (8) (7,936,076) (8)	
6900	Operating income			2,394,421	3	2,281,690	3	
	Non-operating income and expenses							
7100	Interest income	6(24)		105,872	-	106,993	-	
7010	Other income	6(25) and 7		578,283	1	492,084	-	
7020	Other gains and losses	6(26)	(382,175) (1)(354,994)	-	
7050	Finance costs	6(27)	(349,253)	- (350,318)	-	
7060	Share of profit of associates and	6(8)						
	joint ventures accounted for under							
	equity method			236,687	<u> </u>	209,359		
7000	Total non-operating income and							
	expenses			189,414	<u> </u>	103,124	_	
7900	Income before income tax			2,583,835	3	2,384,814	3	
7950	Income tax expense	6(30)	(699,467) (1)(597,478) (1)	
8200	Net income		\$	1,884,368	2 \$	1,787,336	2	

(Continued)

CHENG UEI PRECISION INDUSTRY CO.,LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per shares)

			-		ar ended	Decen	December 31				
	T.	27.		2020	0/		2019	0/			
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%			
	Other comprehensive (loss) income, net										
	Components of other comprehensive										
	(loss) income that will not be										
	reclassified to profit or loss										
8311	Loss on remeasurements of defined	6(18)									
0216	benefit plans	((2)	(\$	7,235)	-	(\$	5,358)	-			
8316	Unrealized gain on equity	6(3)									
	instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income		(55,232)		(115,954)				
8320	Share of other comprehensive		(33,232)	-	(113,934)	-			
0320	income of associates and joint										
	ventures accounted for using equity										
	method, components of other										
	comprehensive income that will not										
02.40	be reclassified to profit or loss	((20)		2,866	-		146,285	-			
8349	Income tax related to components of	6(30)									
	other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or										
	loss			1,035	_		51	_			
8310	Total components of other			1,033							
0510	comprehensive (loss) income that										
	will be reclassified to profit or loss		(58,566)	-		25,024	-			
	Components of other comprehensive		`	<u> </u>			,				
	(loss) income that will be reclassified										
	to profit or loss										
8361	Exchange differences arising on			277 265		,	1 004 (14) (1.			
8370	translation of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive			377,265	-	(1,084,614) (1)			
83/0	income of associates and joint										
	ventures accounted for using equity										
	method, components of other										
	comprehensive income that will be										
	reclassified to profit or loss			21,923	-	(42,766)	-			
8399	Income tax related to components of	6(30)									
	other comprehensive income that		,	00 (85)			206 700				
9260	will be reclassified to profit or loss		(82,67 <u>5</u>)			206,789				
8360	Total components of other comprehensive (loss) income that										
	will be reclassified to profit or loss			316,513	_	(920,591) (1)			
8300	Other comprehensive (loss) income,			310,313		\	<u> </u>	/			
	net		\$	257,947	_	(\$	895,567) (1)			
8500	Total comprehensive income for the			·		`					
	year		\$	2,142,315	2	\$	891,769	1			
	Net (loss) income attributable to:										
8610	Shareholders of the parent		\$	1,967,432	2	\$	1,987,361	2			
8620	Non-controlling interests		(83,064)	2	(200,025)				
	Total		\$	1,884,368	2	\$	1,787,336	2			
	Total comprehensive (loss) income										
0710	attributable to: Shareholders of the parent		ф	2 254 401	2	ф	1 257 200	1			
8710 8720	Non-controlling interests		\$	2,254,491 112,176)	2	\$	1,256,389 364,620)	1			
0720	Total		\$	2,142,315	2	\$	891,769	1			
	10111		Ψ	4,174,313		Ψ	071,107	1			
	Basic earnings per share (in dollars)										
9750	Total basic earnings per share	6(31)	\$		4.06	\$		4.10			
	Diluted earnings per share (in dollars)		-								
9850	Total diluted earnings per share	6(31)	\$		4.02	\$		4.05			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHENG UEI PRECISION INDUSTRY CO.,LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Total equity	\$ 27,947,234	(895,567)	891,769		768.490	928	41,255	129,823 \$ 28,242,519	013 070 80	1.884.368	257,947	2,142,315		1	(1,280,818)	99,555		167,141	(38)	644,457	\$ 30,083,888
		Non-controlling interest	\$ 6,044,460	(164,595)	364,620)	•		826	•	129,823 \$ 5,810,641	5 010 5	(83,064)	(29,112)	(112,176)		1	•	(21,587)				644,457	\$ 6,321,335
		Total equity attributable to shareholders of the parent	\$ 21,902,774	730,972	1,256,389	•	. 768.490	(50)	41,255	\$ 22,431,878	020 121 020	1.967.432	287,059	2,254,491		1	(1,280,818)	121,142		167,141	(38)		\$ 23,762,553
		Treasury shares	(\$ 272,066)			•		•	•	(\$ 272,066)	250 626		1			1	•						(\$ 272,066)
	Other equity interest	Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	(\$ 315,491)	60,412	60,412	•		•	i	(\$ 255,079)	020 330		(51,144)	(51,144)	1	,		•					(\$ 306,223)
he parent	Other equi	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	(\$ 1,294,410)	(785,046)	785,046)	•			•	(\$ 2,079,456)	25 020 6		349,333	349,333		1	•	,					(\$ 1,730,123)
Equity attributable to owners of the parent		Unappropriated camings	\$ 4,980,234	(6,338)	1,981,023	(60,810)	(101,605)	(50)	•	\$ 6,030,302	6 030 303	1,967,432	(11,130)	1,956,302	(198,736)	(724,633)	(1,280,818)	(27)					\$ 5,782,390
Equity at	Retained earnings	Special reserve	\$ 1,508,296			•	101,605		•	\$ 1,609,901	100 000	106,600,1				724,633		1					\$ 2,334,534
		Legal reserve	\$ 2,742,480			60,810		•	•	\$ 2,803,290	3 803		'		198,736	1	•					٠	\$ 3,002,026
		Capital reserve	\$ 9,430,462	1		•		•	41,255	\$ 9,471,717	0 431					1	i	121,169		167,141	(38)		\$ 9,828,746
		Common stock	\$ 5,123,269		1	•			•	\$ 5,123,269	090 201 3	2,123,203			,	ı	•	,					\$ 5,123,269
		Notes		6(22)	6(21)			fiaries 6(20)	ss 6(20)				6(22)	;	6(21)			ısıtıon 6(20) e	joint 6(20)		naries 6(20)		
			Year ended December 31, 2019 Balance at January 1, 2019 Net income (loss) for the year	Other comprehensive income (loss)	Total comprehensive income (loss) Appropriation of 2018 earnings	Legal reserve	Special reserve Cash dividend	Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries 6(20)	Cash dividends distributed to subsidiaries	Changes in non-controlling interest Balance at December 31, 2019	Year ended December 31, 2020	Net income (loss) for the year	Other comprehensive income (loss)	Total comprehensive income (loss)	Appropriation of 2019 earnings Legal reserve	Special reserve	Cash dividend	Difference between proceeds from acquisition 6(20) or disposal of subsidiary and book value	Changes in net equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity	method	Cash dividends distributed to subsidiaries 6(20)	Changes in non-controlling interest	Balance at December 31, 2020

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHENG UEI PRECISION INDUSTRY CO.,LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			er 31,		
	Notes		2020		2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit before tax		\$	2,583,835	\$	2,384,814
Adjustments		φ	2,303,033	φ	2,304,014
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Gain on financial assests or liabilities at fair value	6(2)				
through profit or loss	0(2)	(0 172 \	(5,507)
Depreciation (including investment property)	6(2)(0)(10)(11)(26	(8,472)	(3,307)
Depreciation (including investment property)	6(2)(9)(10)(11)(26		2 222 064		2 721 024
A anti-ati-au (in al., din a lang tama anna id mant)(28)		3,223,064		3,731,024
Amortisation (including long-term prepaid rent	6(12)(28)		110 007		100.000
amortisation)	10(0)	,	119,825	,	109,263
Expected credit gain	12(2)	(40,378)	(7,799)
Interest expense	6(27)		349,253		350,318
Interest income	6(24)	(105,872)	(106,993)
Share of profit of associates accounted for using the	6(8)				
equity method		(236,687)	(209,359)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(26)		71,752		13,204
Gain on disposal of investments	6(26)	(250,764)	(24,693)
Goodwill impairment loss	6(26)		539,338		582,901
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Changes in operating assets					
Financial assets measured at fair value through					
profit or loss			137,622	(123,643)
Contract assets			65,401		34,282
Notes receivable, net		(10,577)	(135)
Accounts receivable		Ì	821,844)	Ì	2,782,212)
Accounts receivable from related parties		Ì	172,726)		249,038
Other receivables			154,683		344,932
Other receivables from related parties			39,957	(27,805)
Inventories		(2,181,326)	(1,966,163
Prepayments		(164,481	(50,097)
Other current assets		(105,209)	(29,543
Other non-current assets		(43,519		248,808
Changes in operating liabilities			73,317		240,000
Contract liabilities			109,553		162,935
Notes payable		(3,118)	(169,793)
Accounts payable		(2,837,260	(706,112)
Accounts payables to related parties		((
Other payables		(69,365)	(96,811)
Refund liabilities		(383,626)	(184,667)
Other current liabilities		(223,305)	,	437,791
			248,779	(45,935)
Other non-current liabilities			121,562		225,162
Cash inflow generated from operations			6,196,615		6,328,617
Interest received			105,872		106,993
Dividends received			82,280		93,420
Interest paid		(326,057)	(337,187)
Income tax paid		(405,611)	(506,666)
Net cash flows from operating activities			5,653,099		5,685,177

(Continued)

CHENG UEI PRECISION INDUSTRY CO.,LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Years ended I	Decemb	er 31,
	Notes		2020		2019
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other	12(3)				
conmprehensive income	(-)	(\$	41,910)	\$	_
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value	12(3)	\ \ \ \	, ,	*	
through other comprehensive income			28,191		-
Current financial assets at amortised cost	6(4)	(4,783,185)	(1,038,109)
Proceeds from acquisition of long - term equity	6(8)	`	, , ,	`	, , ,
investment - non - subsidiaries		(210,000)		_
Proceeds from capital reduction of investment accounted		•	, ,		
for under the equity method			342,528		_
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries(excluding cash)			441,275		-
Acquisition of subsidiary and other assets(excluding cash)	6(33)		-	(279,811)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(35)	(2,429,984)	(3,396,916)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(9)		165,412		366,523
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(12)	(71,543)	(107,670)
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets	6(12)		11,365		891
Increase in prepayments for business facilities		(463,631)	(599,080)
Increase in refundable deposits		(96,148)		-
Increase in prepayments for investments	6(8)	(73,672)	(75,563)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(7,181,302)	(5,129,735)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Increase in short-term borrowings	6(36)		38,795,921		18,957,383
Decrease in short-term borrowings	6(36)	(36,493,084)	(18,376,663)
Increase (decrease) in short-term notes payable	6(36)		12,280	(119,953)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	6(36)		3,584,462		3,000,000
Increase in long-term borrowings	6(36)		24,851,016		6,721,575
Repayment of long - term borrowings	6(36)	(23,946,230)	(8,670,858)
Repayment of lease liabilities	6(36)	(233,619)	(324,094)
Cash flow of non-controlling interest			644,457		129,823
Cash dividends paid	6(21)	(1,212,061)	(727,235)
Net cash flows from financing activities			6,003,142		589,978
Effect of change in exchange rates			221,872	(971,542)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		<u> </u>	4,696,811		173,878
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6(1)		6,296,729		6,122,851
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6(1)	\$	10,993,540	\$	6,296,729

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

PWCR 20000209

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Cheng Uei Precision Industry Co., Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying parent company only balance sheets of Cheng Uei Precision Industry Co., Ltd. (the "Company") as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related parent company only statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the parent company only financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report(s) of other auditors (please refer to the *Other matter* section), the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the parent company only financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and its parent company only financial performance and its parent company only cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit of the parent company only financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China; and in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants, Rule No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Auditing-1090360805 issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission on February 25, 2020 and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China for our audit of the parent company only financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the parent company only financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter-significant unresolved litigation involving investments accounted for under the equity method

As described in Notes 6(5) and 9(2) to the parent company only financial statements, Central Motion Picture Corporation, an equity-method investment of the Company, was determined to be an affiliate organization of the Kuomintang by the Ill-gotten Party Assets Settlement Committee (the "I11-gotten Party") in its written disposition issued on October 9, 2018. Under Article 16 of the Act Governing the Settlement of Ill-gotten Properties by Political Parties and Their Affiliate Organizations, Central Motion Picture Corporation may file an administrative litigation (an action for revocation) in the Taipei High Administrative Court within two months after the aforementioned written disposition was served. In addition, Central Motion Picture Corporation may file for a suspension of execution under Paragraph 2, Article 116 of the Administrative Litigation Act. On December 12, 2018, Central Motion Picture Corporation submitted a cause of action to the Taipei High Administrative Court, which ruled to approve the suspension of execution in January 2020. However, the Ill-gotten Party subsequently filed an appeal against the ruling, and it was dismissed by the High Administrative Court in February 2020. Meanwhile, Central Motion Picture Corporation filed a revocation action with the Taipei High Court, and it was pending approval as of January 14, 2020. As of the financial reporting date, the possible result of this litigation cannot be determined, therefore our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the parent company only financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Company's parent company only financial statements of the year ended December 31, 2020 are stated as follows:

Valuation of Goodwill impairment for the investments accounted for under the equity method / subsidiaries

Description

Please refer to Note 4(10) for accounting policies on investments accounted for under the equity method and Note 6(5) for details of investments accounted for under the equity method.

The amount of goodwill (including indefinite useful life trademarks) was derived from the acquisition of Power Quotient International Co., Ltd., Foxlink Image Technology Co., Ltd., Glory Science Co., Ltd., and DG Lifestyle Store Limited by the Company's subsidiary, FIT Holding Co., Ltd. The Company valued the impairment of goodwill (including indefinite useful life trademarks) through the discounted cash flow method, using the higher of value in use or fair value less costs to sell to measure the cash generating unit's recoverable amount. As the assumptions of expected future cash flows contained subjective judgement and involved a high degree of uncertainty which would cause a material impact on the valuation result, the valuation of goodwill impairment (including indefinite useful life trademarks) was identified as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- A. Obtained an understanding and assessed the reasonableness of valuation of goodwill impairment policies and procedures, including collection of internal and external data, operating forecast and industry changes.
- B. Obtained the external appraisal report on impairment valuation and performed the following procedures:
 - (a) We examined the external appraiser's qualification and assessed the independence, objectiveness and competence.
 - (b) We assessed that the valuation method used in the appraisal report was widely used and appropriate.
 - (c) We assessed the reasonableness of significant assumptions (including expected growth rate and discount rate) applied in the appraisal report.

Assessment of allowance for inventory valuation losses

Description

Please refer to Note 4(9) for accounting policies on inventory, Note 5 for the uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions applied to inventory valuation, and Note 6(4) for details of inventory. Please refer to Note 4(10) for accounting policies on investments accounted for under the equity method, and Notes 8 and 9 for details of investments accounted for under the equity method.

As of December 31, 2020, the balances of inventory and allowance for inventory valuation losses were NT\$1,585,688 thousand and NT\$40,017 thousand, respectively; and the balance of investments accounted for under the equity method was NT\$32,050,674 thousand.

Cheng Uei Precision Industry Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries are primarily engaged in the manufacturing and sale of electronic components and parts. As the electronic products' life cycles are relatively short and the market is highly competitive, there is a higher risk of incurring inventory valuation losses or obsolescence due to economic depression or an excess of supply over demand. The Company's inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value, and individually assessed for those inventories over a certain age in order to identify obsolete or slow-moving inventories.

The industry technology is rapidly changing, and the net realisable value involves subjective judgement resulting in an uncertainty when assessing the obsolete or slow-moving inventories. Given that the inventory and allowance for inventory valuation losses were material to the financial statements, the assessment of allowance for inventory valuation losses was identified as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- A. Assessed the reasonableness of policies and procedures on allowance for inventory valuation losses based on our understanding of the Company's operation and industry.
- B. Obtained an understanding of the Company's warehousing control procedures. Reviewed annual physical inventory count plan and participated in the annual inventory count event in order to assess the effectiveness of the management of inventory.

- C. Verified whether the systematic logic used in the Compay's inventory aging report is appropriate and in line with its policies.
- D. Inspected inventory valuation basis adequacy and verified the selected samples' information, for instance, purchase price and sale price. Also recalculated and evaluated the reasonableness of inventory allowance basis in order to verify that the inventory was measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Other matter- Reference to the reports of other auditors

We did not audit the parent company only financial statements of certain investees accounted for under the equity method which reflect the balance of investments of NT\$45,762 thousand and NT\$ 40,903 thousand as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, constituting 0.08% and 0.07% of total assets; total comprehensive income (including share of profit of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method, and share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method) of NT\$4,847 thousand and NT\$ 9,653 thousand, for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, constituting 0.21% and 0.77% of total comprehensive income, respectively. Those financial statements and the information disclosed in Note 13 were audited by other auditors whose report thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the parent company only financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the parent company only financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the generally accepted accounting standards in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the generally accepted accounting standards in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- A. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- B.Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

- C. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- D.Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- E. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- F. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the company audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent company only financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Liang, Yi-Chang

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

March 26, 2021

The accompanying parent company only financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying parent company only financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

CHENG UEI PRECISION INDUSTRY CO.,LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			 December 31, 2020		 December 31, 2019	
	ASSETS	Notes	 AMOUNT	%	 AMOUNT	
•	CURRENT ASSETS					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 472,041	1	\$ 252,429	-
1150	Notes receivable, net		585	-	-	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(2) and 12(2)	10,226,181	17	10,350,142	18
1180	Accounts receivable, net - related	7				
	parties		3,312,220	5	2,632,739	5
1200	Other receivables	6(3)	103,883	-	132,316	-
1210	Other receivables - related parties	7	9,890,802	16	7,306,799	13
130X	Inventories	6(4)	1,545,671	3	2,740,083	5
1410	Prepayments	7	 398,186	1	843,400	1
11XX	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		 25,949,569	43	 24,257,908	42
1	NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
1550	Investments accounted for under the	6(5)				
	equity method		32,050,674	53	30,496,183	53
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(6)	1,857,292	3	1,880,955	3
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(7)	99,887	-	68,664	-
1760	Investment property, net	6(8)	160,318	-	179,573	1
1780	Intangible assets	6(9)	11,771	-	14,522	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(25)	214,905	1	294,005	1
1900	Other non-current assets	8	 43,714		20,755	
15XX	TOTAL NON-CURRENT					
	ASSETS		 34,438,561	57	32,954,657	58
1XXX	TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 60,388,130	100	\$ 57,212,565	100

(Continued)

CHENG UEI PRECISION INDUSTRY CO.,LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				December 31, 2020		December 31, 2019	
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	CURRENT LIABILITIES						
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(18)	\$	352,463	1 \$	377,423	1
2170	Accounts payable			588,181	1	455,119	1
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7		7,876,954	13	10,899,495	19
2200	Other payables	6(10)(27) and 7		10,762,201	18	10,431,906	18
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(25)		450,385	1	106,816	-
2280	Current lease liabilities			31,003	-	22,713	-
2365	Current refund liabilities			234,142	-	239,035	-
2399	Other current liabilities, others			7,910	<u> </u>	507,266	1
21XX	TOTAL CURRENT		-				
	LIABILITIES			20,303,239	34	23,039,773	40
	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		-				
2530	Corporate bonds payable	6(11)		6,574,982	11	2,987,655	5
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(12)		8,781,250	15	7,830,000	14
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(25)		597,970	1	596,043	1
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			70,489	-	46,559	-
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(12)		297,647	<u> </u>	280,657	1
25XX	TOTAL NON-CURRENT						
	LIABILITIES			16,322,338	27	11,740,914	21
2XXX	TOTAL LIABILITIES			36,625,577	61	34,780,687	61
	EQUITY						<u> </u>
	Capital stock	6(14)					
3110	Common stock			5,123,269	8	5,123,269	9
	Capital reserve	6(15)					
3200	Capital surplus			9,828,746	16	9,471,717	17
	Retained earnings	6(16)					
3310	Legal reserve			3,002,026	5	2,803,290	5
3320	Special reserve			2,334,534	4	1,609,901	3
3350	Unappropriated earnings			5,782,390	10	6,030,302	10
	Other equity	6(17)					
3400	Other equity interest		(2,036,346) (4) (2,334,535) (4)
	Treasury shares	6(14)					
3500	Treasury shares		(272,066)	- (_	272,066) (1)
3XXX	TOTAL EQUITY			23,762,553	39	22,431,878	39
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9	-				
	unrecognised contract commitments						
	Significant events after the balance	11					
	sheet date						
3X2X	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND						
	EQUITY		\$	60,388,130	100 \$	57,212,565	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these parent company only financial statements.

CHENG UEI PRECISION INDUSTRY CO.,LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share)

				Ye	ars ended	Decem	nber 31		
				2020			2019		
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT		%
4000	Operating revenue	6(18) and 7	\$	69,135,238	100	\$	73,856,717	,	100
5000	Operating costs	6(4)(22)(23) and 7	(65,741,027) (<u>95</u>)	(72,044,994)	(<u>98</u>)
5900	Gross profit Operating expenses	6(22)(24) and 7		3,394,211	5		1,811,723		
6100	Sales and marketing expenses	6(23)(24) and 7	(130,194) (1)	(142,086)		
6200	General and administrative expenses		(660,488) ((777,892)	(1)
6300	Research and development expenses		(757,174) (,	(821,601)		1)
6450	Expected credit gain	12(2)	(1,884	-		11,946	(-
6000	Total operating expenses	(-)	(1,545,972) (3)	(1,729,633)	(2)
6900	Operating income		\	1,848,239	2	\	82,090	`	
	Non-operating income and expenses			, ,			<u> </u>		
7100	Interest income	6(19)		27,004	-		6,404		-
7010	Other income	6(8)(20) and 7		317,615	-		347,842		1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(21)		51,427	-		202,385		-
7050	Finance costs	6(22)	(241,029)	-	(262,372)		-
7070	Share of profit of the subsidiaries,	6(5)							
	associates and joint ventures accounted								_
= 000	for under the equity method			357,576	<u> </u>		1,811,170		2
7000	Total non-operating income and			510 500			2 105 420		2
7000	expenses			512,593	1		2,105,429	_	3
7900	Income before income tax	((25)	,	2,360,832	3	,	2,187,519		3
7950	Income tax expense Net income	6(25)	(393,400)	3	(200,158)		
8200	- 14		\$	1,967,432		\$	1,987,361	_	3
	Other comprehensive (loss) income, net								
	Components of other comprehensive (loss) income that will not be reclassified								
	to profit or loss								
8311	Loss on remeasurements of defined	6(13)							
0311	benefit plans	0(15)	(\$	15,509)	_	(\$	7,168)		_
8330	Share of other comprehensive income of		(Ψ	15,507)		(Ψ	7,100)		
	the subsidiaries, associates and joint								
	ventures accounted for under the equity								
	method, components of other								
	comprehensive income that will not be								
	reclassified to profit or loss			1,277	-		59,808		-
8349	Income tax related to components of	6(25)							
	other comprehensive income that will not								
	be reclassified to profit or loss			3,102			1,434		
8310	Total Components of other								
	comprehensive (loss) income that will		,	11 120			54.074		
0261	not be reclassified to profit or loss		(11,130)			54,074	_	
8361	Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations			41.4.7.42		,	040 266)	,	1.
8380	Share of other comprehensive income of			414,743	-	(940,266)	(1)
0300	the subsidiaries, associates and joint								
	ventures accounted for under the equity								
	method, components of other								
	comprehensive income that will be								
	reclassified to profit or loss		(29,221)	-	(42,766)		-
8399	Income tax related to components of	6(25)		,,		`	,,		
	other comprehensive income that will be								
	reclassified to profit or loss		(87,333)			197,986		
8360	Total Components of other								
	comprehensive (loss) income that will								
	be reclassified to profit or loss			298,189		(785,04 <u>6</u>)	(1)
8300	Other comprehensive (loss) income, net		\$	287,059		(\$	730,972)	(<u>1</u>)
8500	Total comprehensive income for the year		\$	2,254,491	3	\$	1,256,389		2
	Basic earnings per share (in dollars)	6(26)							
9750	Basic earnings per share		\$		4.06	\$			4.10
	Diluted earnings per share (in dollars)	6(26)							_
9850	Diluted earnings per share		\$		4.02	\$			4.05

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these parent company only financial statements.

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

					Retained earnings		Other equity interest	ty interest		
	Notes	Common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated earnings	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Treasury shares	Total equity
Year ended December 31,2019										
Balance at January 1, 2019		\$ 5,123,269	\$ 9,430,462	\$ 2,742,480	\$ 1,508,296	\$ 4,980,234	(\$ 1,294,410)	(\$ 315,491)	(\$ 272,066)	\$ 21,902,774
Net income for the year		•	1	1	1	1,987,361	1	•	•	1,987,361
Other comprehensive (loss) income			1	1	1	(6,338)	(785,046)	60,412	1	(730,972)
Total comprehensive income (loss)			1	1	1	1,981,023	(785,046)	60,412	1	1,256,389
Appropriation of 2018 earnings	6(16)									
Legalreserve		•	1	60,810	•	(60,810)	1	•	•	
Special reserve			1	1	101,605	(101,605)	1	•	•	1
Cash dividends		•	1	1	1	(768,490)	•	•	•	(768,490)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	6(15)	•	1	,	,	(50)	•	•	•	(50)
Cash dividends distributed to subsidiaries	6(15)	1	41,255	1	1	1		1	1	41,255
Balance at December 31, 2019		\$ 5,123,269	\$ 9,471,717	\$ 2,803,290	\$ 1,609,901	\$ 6,030,302	(\$ 2,079,456)	(\$ 255,079)	(\$ 272,066)	\$ 22,431,878
Year ended December 31,2020										
Balance at January 1, 2020		\$ 5,123,269	\$ 9,471,717	\$ 2,803,290	\$ 1,609,901	\$ 6,030,302	(\$ 2,079,456)	(\$ 255,079)	(\$ 272,066)	\$ 22,431,878
Net income for the year		•	1	ı	ı	1,967,432	1	•	•	1,967,432
Other comprehensive (loss) income						(11,130)	349,333	(51,144)		287,059
Total comprehensive income (loss)			1			1,956,302	349,333	(51,144)	1	2,254,491
Appropriation of 2019 earnings	6(16)									
Legal reserve		1	1	198,736	•	(198,736)		•		1
Special reserve		•	1	•	724,633	(724,633)		•	•	
Cash dividends		•	ı	1	ı	(1,280,818)	•	,	•	(1,280,818)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	6(15)	•	(38)	1	1	•		,	•	(38)
Difference between proceeds from acquisition or disposal of subsidiary and book value	6(15)	•	121,169	•	•	(27)	•	,	•	121,142
Changes in net equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method	6(15)	•	167,141		•	•	•	•		167,141
Cash dividends distributed to subsidiaries	6(15)		68,757						1	68,757
Balance at December 31, 2020		\$ 5,123,269	\$ 9,828,746	\$ 3,002,026	\$ 2,334,534	\$ 5,782,390	(\$ 1,730,123)	(\$ 306,223)	(\$ 272,066)	\$ 23,762,553

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these parent company only financial statements.

CHENG UEI PRECISION INDUSTRY CO.,LTD.

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Years ended l	December 3	1,
	Notes		2020		2019
CACH ELOWC EDOM OBED ATING A CTIVITIES					
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax		\$	2,360,832	\$	2,187,519
Adjustments		Ф	2,300,632	Ф	2,107,319
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Depreciation (including investment property)	6(6)(7)(8)(21)(23)		145,054		140,724
Amortisation	6(9)(23)		9,131		13,090
Expected credit gain	12(2)	(1,884)	(11,946)
Interest expense	6(22)	`	241,029	`	262,372
Amortisation of discounts on bonds payable	6(11)(27)	(12,673)	(12,345)
Interest income	6(19)	į (27,004)	(6,404)
Gain on long-term equity investment accounted for under the equity	6(5)				
method		(357,576)	(1,811,170)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(21)	(3,912)	(200)
Loss from disposal of investments accounted for under the equity	6(21)				
method			15,849		-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Changes in operating assets					
Notes receivable		(585)		800
Accounts receivable			125,845	(2,764,746)
Accounts receivable - related parties		(679,481)		464,861
Other receivables			28,433		70,935
Other receivables - related parties			1,415,997	(818,663)
Inventories			1,194,412		893,033
Prepayments			442,729	(194,874)
Other non-current assets		(22,959)	(3,961)
Changes in operating liabilities					
Current contract liabilities		(24,960)		157,402
Accounts payable			133,062	(190,568)
Accounts payable - related parties		(3,022,541)		2,372,806
Other payables		,	1,205,016		1,195,194
Current refund liabilities		(4,744)		5,564
Other current liabilities, others			495		562,692
Other non-current liabilities			1,483		28,928
Cash inflow generated from operations Interest received			3,161,048		2,541,043
		,	27,004	,	6,404
Interest paid Income tax paid		(239,938) 53,036)	(262,372) 5,936)
Dividend received		(69,757	(396,888
Net cash flows from operating activities		-	2,964,835		2,676,027
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		-	2,704,633		2,070,027
Increase in other receivables - related parties		(4,000,000)		
Acquisition of long-term equity investment- subsidiary		(4,000,000)	(599,491)
Proceeds from liquidation of investments accounted for under the equity		(472,113)	(377,471)
method			27,066		_
Prepayments for long-term investments	6(5)	(73,672)	(78,235)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(27)	(181,904)	(19,561)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment and investment	*(=/)		101,70.7	(17,301)
property			91,639		667
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(9)	(6,380)	(9,972)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(4,635,366)	(706,592)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-	,		
Increase in other payables - related parties	6(28)	(856,522)	(66,494)
Repayment of lease liabilities	6(28)	(23,767)	(22,825)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	6(11)		3,600,000		3,000,000
Repayment of long-term borrowings	6(28)	(18,030,750)	(4,500,000)
Increase in long-term borrowings	6(28)		18,482,000		430,000
Cash dividends paid	6(16)	(_	1,280,818)	(768,490)
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities			1,890,143	(1,927,809)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			219,612		41,626
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6(1)		252,429		210,803
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6(1)	\$	472,041	\$	252,429
•			, , , , , ,		

Cheng Uei Precision Industry Co., Ltd. SURPLUS EARNINGS DISTRIBUTION TABLE 2020

Unit: NTD

Item	Amo	unt	Remarks
nem	Subtotal	Total	Nemarks
Undistributed surplus earnings, beginning of the period		3,826,115,163	
Less: Adjustment for 2020 retained earnings	(11,156,606)		
Undistributed surplus earnings after adjustment		3,814,958,557	
Add: net profit after tax	1,967,431,797		
Less: Legal reserve	(195,627,519)		Allocated in accordance Paragraph 1, Article 237 of the Company Act
Add: Appropriation of the special reserve	298,187,505		
Distributable surplus earnings		5,884,950,340	
Distributable items:			
Cash dividend	(1,280,817,350)		NTD 2.5 per share
Undistributed retained earnings		4,604,132,990	

- Note 1: In profit distribution for the current year, priority will be given to profit available for distribution in 2020.
- Note 2: Dividend distribution is calculated based on the number of issued shares of 512,326,940 at the time of the resolution of the Board of Directors on March 26, 2021.
- Note 3: Profit distribution shall be paid in cash in accordance with Article 26-1 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, and the Board of Directors is authorized to adopt such by resolution.

Responsible person: T.C. Gou Manager: T.C. Gou Accountant in charge: Chen-Phan Pu

Plans to release shares of listed subsidiaries Shinfox Energy Co., Ltd. (Stock code: 6806): hereafter designated as "Shinfox"

	0,0000	7770000	0,7000
Date	5020/6	2020/11	2021/3
	In response to working capital	Self-subscription by emerging	In response to working
Purpose and method of share	needs	markets board advisory	capital needs
release	Capital increased by cash	recommending securities firms	Capital increased by cash
		Ilaliste of strateholdings	000
Issuing (transfer) price	NTD 13	NTD 43	NTD 86
Date approved by the	2021/3/26	2021/3/26	2021/3/26
Company & Addit Committee	VE -1 - 14/ OOI OI FOOO	000	001017000
Date approved by the Company's Board of	2021/3/26 (Note 1)	2021/3/26	2021/3/26
Directors			
Date approved by the	2021/6/18 (Provisional)	2021/6/18 (Provisional)	2021/6/18 (Provisional)
Company's Shareholders'			
	Shinfox employees and	Lead co-organizing advisory	Shinfox employees and
	original shareholders,	recommending securities firms	original shareholders,
	employees of the Company	and Securities and Futures	employees of the Company
Equity transfer counterparties	and affiliated companies, and	Investors Protection Center	and affiliated companies, and
	those who meet the foregoing		those who meet the foregoing
	constitute specific persons		constitute specific persons
	within the scope of		within the scope of
	subscribtion walvers		Subscribtion waivers
Total number of shares	21,634,000 shares	1,901,000 shares	30,000,000 shares
issued (transferred)			
Cheng Uei shareholding ratio	%96 68	71 14%	69 24%
before issue (transfer)		2/1	0/13:00
Cheng Uei shareholding ratio	71 14%	80 24%	(Note 2)
after issue (transfer)	0/ /	047.00	(140(0 2)
Basis of evaluation for price	Price reasonableness opinion	Mutually agreed by emerging	Price reasonableness opinion

of share release	issued by accountant	markets board advisory recommending securities firms and Shinfox	issued by accountant
Impact on shareholder rights of the Company	Without prejudice to the rights and interests of the original shareholders	Without prejudice to the rights and interests of the original shareholders	Without prejudice to the rights and interests of the original shareholders

Directors resolved on June 24, 2020 to abandon the subscription and contact the original shareholders of FIT Holding Co., Note 1: Regarding the Company's subsidiaries FIT Holding Co., Ltd. and Power Quotient International Co., Ltd., the Board of Ltd. to subscribe.

Note 2: After completion of the cash capital increase, calculation is to be on the basis of the actual subscription conditions of the Company and its subsidiaries.